AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

1. - 7. (canceled)

8. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment or prevention of disease conditions mediated by 5-HT₄ receptor activity, in a mammalian subject, which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 a compound of the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & O \\
R^2 & N & N \\
R^3 & R^4 & R^5
\end{array}$$
(I)

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

 \mathbf{R}^1 is hydrogen, halo or C_{1-6} alkyl;

 \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 are independently hydrogen, \mathbf{C}_{1-6} alkyl, \mathbf{C}_{2-6} alkenyl, \mathbf{C}_{2-6} alkynyl, mono- or di
(\mathbf{C}_{1-5}) alkyl amino, amino(\mathbf{C}_{1-5}) alkyl or hydroxy(\mathbf{C}_{1-5}) alkyl; or \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached may form substituted or non-substituted nitrogen-containing hetrocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^4 is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl(C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^{5} is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl (C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^{6} is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkoxy (C_{1-6})alkyl;

X is NR⁹ wherein R⁹ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl; and

Y is $(CR^7R^8)_n$ wherein R^7 and R^8 are independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, and n is an integer from 0 to 5.;

and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

9. (currently amended) A pharmaceutical composition for the treatment or prevention of gastroesophageal reflux disease, gastrointestinal disease, gastric motility disorder, upper gut motility disorder, non-ulcer dyspepsia, Functional dyspepsia, irritable bowel syndrome, constipation, dyspepsia, esophagitis, gastroesophageral disease, aausea nausea, central nervous system disease, alzheimers disease, cognitive disorder, emesis, migraine, neurological disease, pain, ischaemic stroke, anxiety or cardiovascular disorder, which comprises a therapeutically effective amount of a compound of Claim 1 a compound of the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & O \\
R^2 & N & N \\
R^3 & R^4 & R^5
\end{array}$$
(I)

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

 \mathbf{R}^{1} is hydrogen, halo or \mathbf{C}_{1-6} alkyl;

 \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 are independently hydrogen, \mathbf{C}_{1-6} alkyl, \mathbf{C}_{2-6} alkenyl, \mathbf{C}_{2-6} alkynyl, mono- or di- $(
\mathbf{C}_{1-5}$) alkyl amino, amino $(
\mathbf{C}_{1-5}$) alkyl or hydroxy $(
\mathbf{C}_{1-5}$) alkyl; or \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached may form substituted or non-substituted nitrogen-containing hetrocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^4 is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl(C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^5 is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl (C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^{6} is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkoxy (C_{1-6})alkyl;

X is NR^9 wherein R^9 is hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl; and

Y is $(CR^7R^8)_n$ wherein R^7 and R^8 are independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, and n is an integer from 0 to 5.;

and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier.

10. (currently amended) A method for the treatment or prevention of disease conditions mediated by 5-HT₄ receptor activity, in a mammalian subject, which comprises administering to said subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1-a compound of the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & O \\
R^2 & N & N \\
N & N & N
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
N & N & R^6 \\
\hline
 & (I)
\end{array}$$

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

 \mathbf{R}^{1} is hydrogen, halo or C_{1-6} alkyl;

 \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 are independently hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, mono- or di- (C_{1-5}) alkyl amino, amino(C_{1-5}) alkyl or hydroxy(C_{1-5}) alkyl; or R^2 and R^3 taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached may form substituted or non-substituted nitrogen-containing hetrocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^4 is hydrogen, halo, \mathbf{C}_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl(\mathbf{C}_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^5 is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl(C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^{6} is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkoxy (C_{1-6})alkyl;

X is NR⁹ wherein R⁹ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl; and

Y is $(CR^7R^8)_n$ wherein R^7 and R^8 are independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, and n is an integer from 0 to 5.

11. (currently amended) A method for the treatment or prevention of gastroesophageal reflux disease, gastrointestinal disease, gastric motility disorder, upper gut motility disorder, non-ulcer dyspepsia, Functional dyspepsia, irritable bowel syndrome, constipation, dyspepsia, esophagitis, gastroesophageral disease, aausea nausea, central nervous system disease, alzheimers disease, cognitive disorder, emesis, migraine, neurological disease, pain, ischaemic stroke, anxiety or cardiovascular disorder, which comprises administering to said subject a therapeutically effective amount of a compound according to Claim 1 a compound of the formula (I):

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R^1 & O \\
R^2 & N & N \\
R^3 & R^4 & R^5
\end{array}$$
(I)

or the pharmaceutically acceptable salts thereof wherein

 \mathbf{R}^{1} is hydrogen, halo or C_{1-6} alkyl;

 \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 are independently hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, mono- or di- (C_{1-5}) alkyl amino, amino(C_{1-5})alkyl or hydroxy(C_{1-5})alkyl; or \mathbf{R}^2 and \mathbf{R}^3 taken together with the nitrogen atom to which they are attached may form substituted or non-substituted nitrogen-containing hetrocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^4 is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl(C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^5 is hydrogen, halo, C_{1-6} alkyl, C_{2-6} alkenyl, C_{2-6} alkynyl, C_{1-8} acyl, amino, amido, substituted or non-substituted aryl, substituted or non-substituted aryl (C_{1-6}) alkyl, or substituted or non-substituted heterocyclic;

 \mathbf{R}^{6} is hydrogen, C_{1-6} alkyl or C_{1-6} alkoxy (C_{1-6}) alkyl;

X is NR⁹ wherein R⁹ is hydrogen or C₁₋₆ alkyl; and

Y is $(CR^7R^8)_n$ wherein R^7 and R^8 are independently hydrogen or C_{1-6} alkyl, and n is an integer from 0 to 5.

12. – 13. (canceled)